[X] QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 or 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended July 31, 2002

## OR

[_] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to
Commission File Number 0-16999

Urban Outfitters, Inc.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

PENNSYLVANIA
(State or Other
Jurisdiction of Incorporation of Organization) 1809 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, PA (Address of principal executive office)

23-2003332
(I.R.S.

Employer Identification
No.)
19103
(Zip Code)
(215) 564-2313
(Registrant's telephone number including area code)
N/A
(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No [_]

Title of Each Class of Common Stock Number of Shares Outstanding at September 9, 2002

Common Shares, par value, \$.0001 per share
Page
PART I Financial Information
Item 1. Financial StatementsCondensed Consolidated Balance Sheets at July 31, 2002, January 31, 2002, andJuly 31, 2001 (Unaudited)3
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income for the three and six months ended July 31, 2002 and 2001 (Unaudited) ..... 4
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity for the six months ended July 31, 2002 and 2001 (Unaudited) ..... 5
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended July 31, 2002 and 2001 (Unaudited) ..... 6
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) ..... 7-9
Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations. ..... 10-13
Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure about Market Risk ..... 13
PART II Other Information
Item 1. Legal Proceedings ..... 14
Item 5. Other Information ..... 14
Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K ..... 14
SIGNATURES ..... 15
CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER ..... 16
CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER ..... 17

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(in thousands, except share and per share data)
(Unaudited)



CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (in thousands, except share data)
(Unaudited)

|  | Comp | ehensive Income | Common Sha | res |  |  | Accumulated |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quarter | Year-to-Date | Number of Shares | Par Value | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Additional } \\ & \text { Paid-in } \\ & \text { Capital } \end{aligned}$ | Retained Earnings | Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) | Total |
| Balances at February 1, 2002... |  |  | 17,352,886 | \$2 | \$17, 872 | \$129,116 | \$(1, 102) | \$145,888 |
| Net income. | \$6,255 | \$11, 010 |  |  |  | 11,010 |  | 11,010 |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments, net............. | 760 | 1,115 |  |  |  |  | 1,115 | 1,115 |
| Comprehensive income. | \$7,015 | \$12,125 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stock issued for cash, net of issuance costs. |  |  | 1,600,000 |  | 41,470 |  |  | 41,470 |
| Exercise of stock options |  |  | 211,450 |  | 2,643 |  |  | 2,643 |
| Tax benefit of stock option exercises. |  |  |  |  | 948 |  |  | 948 |
| Balances at July 31, 2002. |  |  | 19,164,336 | \$2 | \$61, 985 | \$140, 126 | \$ 13 | \$203, 074 |
| Balances at February 1, 2001. |  |  | 17,253,486 | \$2 | \$16,268 | \$114,109 | \$ (767) | \$129,612 |
| Net income. | \$3,157 | \$ 4,308 |  |  |  | 4,308 |  | 4,308 |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments, net.............. | (87) | (357) |  |  |  |  | (357) | (357) |
| Change in unrealized net losses on marketable securities..... | 7 | 25 |  |  |  |  | 25 | 25 |
| Comprehensive income. | \$3, 077 | \$ 3,976 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exercise of stock options..... |  |  | 10,000 |  | 99 |  |  | 99 |
| Balances at July 31, 2001...... |  |  | 17,263,486 | \$2 | \$16,367 | \$118,417 | \$ 1 1, 099 ) | \$133,687 |

## URBAN OUTFITTERS, INC.

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS <br> (in thousands) <br> (Unaudited)

|  | Six months ended July 31, |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2002 | 2001 |
| Cash flows from operating activities: |  |  |
| Net income. | \$ 11, 010 | \$ 4,308 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by |  |  |
| operating activities |  |  |
| Depreciation and amortization | 8,609 | 7,412 |
| Tax benefit of stock option exercises. | 948 | -- |
| Changes in assets and liabilities: |  |  |
| Increase in receivables. | $(1,186)$ | $(2,087)$ |
| Increase in inventories | $(10,465)$ | $(12,696)$ |
| Decrease in prepaid expenses and other assets | 996 | 1,272 |
| Increase in payables, accrued expenses and other liabilities. | 7,123 | 8,958 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 17,035 | 7,167 |
| Cash flows from investing activities: |  |  |
| Capital expenditures | $(10,932)$ | $(12,820)$ |
| Purchases of marketable securities | $(10,543)$ | - - |
| Net cash used in investing activities | $(21,475)$ | $(12,820)$ |
| Cash flows from financing activities: |  |  |
| Exercise of stock options. | 2,643 | 99 |
| Issuance of common shares, net of issuance costs | 41,470 | - - |
| Net cash provided by financing activities | 44,113 | 99 |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents. | 271 | (99) |
| Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | 39,944 | $(5,653)$ |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period. | 28, 251 | 16,286 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period. | \$ 68,195 | \$ 10,633 |

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

## 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. The results of operations for the three and six months ended July 31, 2002 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended January 31, 2002, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 22, 2002.

## 2. Public Offering

In April 2002, the Company completed a public offering of 1.6 million shares of its common stock at a price of $\$ 28.00$ per share. The Company received net proceeds of approximately $\$ 41.5$ million from the offering. In conjunction with the offering, certain selling shareholders exercised options which resulted in additional cash proceeds of approximately $\$ 1.5$ million.

## 3. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In August 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets," which establishes a single accounting model, based on the framework established in SFAS No. 121, "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to be Disposed Of," and resolves significant implementation issues related to SFAS No. 121. SFAS No. 144 superceded SFAS No. 121 and Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 30, "Reporting the Results of Operations--Reporting the Effects of a Disposal of a Segment of a Business, and Extraordinary, Unusual and Infrequently Occurring Events and Transactions." The adoption of SFAS No. 144 on February 1, 2002 did not have an impact on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

In July 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 146, "Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities." SFAS No. 146 supercedes Emerging Issues Task Force Issue No. 94-3, "Liability Recognition for Certain Employee Termination Benefits and Other Costs to Exit an Activity (including Certain Costs Incurred in a Restructuring)," and is effective for transactions initiated after December 31, 2002. Under SFAS No. 146, a company will record a liability for a cost associated with an exit or disposal activity when that liability is incurred and can be measured at fair value. A liability is incurred when an event obligates the entity to transfer or use assets. The Company does not believe that the adoption of this statement will have a material impact on its financial position or its results of operations.

## 4. Marketable Securities

All marketable securities are carried at fair value, which approximates cost, and are classified as available-for-sale. Unrealized gains and losses on these securities are excluded from earnings and are reported as a separate component of shareholders' equity, net of applicable taxes, until realized. Unrealized gains and losses have not been material. When available-for-sale securities are sold, the cost of the securities is specifically identified and is used to determine the realized gain or loss.

## 5. Line of Credit

On September 11, 2002, the Company renewed and amended its line of credit facility (the "Line") with one of its banks. The Line, which renewed and amended the Company's $\$ 25.0$ million committed line of credit with the bank, is a one-year $\$ 30.0$ million committed line of credit to fund working capital requirements and letters of credit. The Line contains a sublimit for borrowings by the Company's European subsidiaries. Cash advances bear interest at LIBOR plus $1.25 \%$ to $1.75 \%$ based upon the Company's achievement of prescribed adjusted debt ratios. The agreement subjects the Company to various restrictive covenants, including maintenance of certain financial ratios such as a fixed charge coverage ratio, adjusted debt ratio and minimum tangible net worth and limits the Company's capital expenditures and share repurchases and prohibits the payment of cash dividends on common stock. At July 31, 2002, the Company was in compliance with all covenants under its prior facility. As of and during the six months ended July 31, 2002, there were no borrowings. Outstanding letters of credit and standby letters of credit were $\$ 13.4$ million, $\$ 9.4$ million and \$11.2 million at July 31, 2002, January 31, 2002 and July 31, 2001, respectively.

## 6. Commitments and Contingencies

On August 21, 2002, Edward M. Wolkowitz, Chapter 7 Trustee for MXG Media, Inc., filed a complaint in the U.S. Bankruptcy Court in the Central District of California naming the Company, Richard A. Hayne and two other individuals as defendants. Mr. Hayne and the other individual defendants had served as directors of MXG Media prior to its institution of bankruptcy proceedings. The claim alleges that payments made by MXG Media to the Company in connection with the repayment of outstanding promissory notes were fraudulent transfers or voidable preferences, and that Mr. Hayne and the other individuals named in the complaint violated their fiduciary duties as directors of MXG Media in authorizing the payments. The plaintiff has requested relief of approximately $\$ 8.0$ million, as well as exemplary damages in an unspecified amount. The Company believes the claim is without merit and intends to defend it vigorously.

The Company is also party to other various legal proceedings arising from normal business activities. Management believes that the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

## 7. Net Income Per Share

The difference between the number of weighted average common shares outstanding used for basic net income per share and the number used for diluted net income per share represents the share effect of dilutive stock options.

Options to purchase 55,500 and $1,361,700$ shares were outstanding at July 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively, but were not included in the computation of earnings per share because their effect would be antidilutive.

## 8. Segment Reporting

The Company is a national retailer of lifestyle-oriented general merchandise through 84 stores operating under the retail names "Urban Outfitters" and "Anthropologie," and through a catalog and two web sites. Sales from this retail segment accounted for over $90 \%$ of total consolidated sales for the fiscal year ended January 31, 2002. The remainder is derived from a wholesale division that manufactures and distributes apparel to the retail segment and to approximately 1,100 better specialty retailers worldwide.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)
(Unaudited)

The Company has aggregated its operations into these two reportable segments based upon their unique management, customer base and economic characteristics. Reporting in this format provides management with the financial information necessary to evaluate the success of the segments and the overall business. The Company evaluates the performance of the segments based on the net sales and pre-tax income from operations (excluding intercompany royalty and interest charges) of the segment. Corporate expenses include expenses incurred in and directed by the corporate office that are not allocated to segments. The principal identifiable assets for each operating segment are inventory and fixed assets. Other assets are comprised primarily of general corporate assets, which principally consist of cash and cash equivalents, marketable securities, accounts receivable and other assets. The Company accounts for intersegment sales and transfers as if the sales and transfers were made to third parties making similar volume purchases.

Both the retail and wholesale segment are highly diversified. No customer comprises more than $10 \%$ of sales. Foreign operations are not material relative to the Company's overall operations. Certain prior period amounts have been restated to conform to the current period's presentation.

|  | Three months ended July 31, |  | Six months ended July 31, |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2002 | 2001 | 2002 | 2001 |
| Net sales |  |  |  |  |
| Retail operations | \$ 96,266 | \$75,790 | \$185, 751 | \$143, 218 |
| Wholesale operations | 5,477 | 6,620 | 11,039 | 11,860 |
| Intersegment elimination | (742) | $(2,015)$ | $(1,715)$ | $(2,849)$ |
| Total net sales | \$101, 001 | \$80,395 | \$195, 075 | \$152, 229 |
| Income from operations |  |  |  |  |
| Retail operations | \$ 11, 063 | \$ 5,686 | \$ 19,653 | \$ 8,569 |
| Wholesale operations | 641 | 1, 087 | 1,118 | 1,043 |
| Intersegment elimination | (173) | (445) | (331) | (609) |
| Total segment operating income. | 11,531 | 6,328 | 20,440 | 9,003 |
| General corporate expenses.... | (983) | (881) | $(1,724)$ | $(1,508)$ |
| Total income from operations. | \$ 10, 548 | \$ 5,447 | \$ 18,716 | \$ 7,495 |

July 31, 2002 January 31, 2002 July 31, 2001

| Property and equipment, net |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Retail operations | \$106, 161 | \$104, 655 | \$102, 112 |
| Wholesale operations | 763 | 849 | 932 |
| Corporate. | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Total property and equipment, net. | \$106, 925 | \$105,505 | \$103, 045 |
| Inventories |  |  |  |
| Retail operations | \$ 47, 646 | \$ 39,014 | \$ 43, 232 |
| Wholesale operations | 4, 041 | 2,072 | 4,214 |
| Total inventories | \$ 51, 687 | \$ 41, 086 | \$ 47, 446 |

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

## GENERAL

This Securities and Exchange Commission filing is being made pursuant to the "safe harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Certain matters contained in this filing may constitute forward-looking statements. When used in this Form 10-Q, the words "project," "believe," "anticipate," "expect" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain these identifying words. Any one, or all, of the following factors could cause actual financial results to differ materially from those financial results mentioned in the forward-looking statements: the difficulty in predicting and responding to shifts in fashion trends, changes in the level of competitive pricing and promotional activity and other industry factors, overall economic and market conditions and the resultant impact on consumer spending patterns, including any effects of terrorist acts or war, availability of suitable retail space for expansion, timing of store openings, seasonal fluctuations in gross sales, the departure of one or more key senior managers, import risks, including potential disruptions and changes in duties, tariffs and quotas and other risks identified in filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Company disclaims any intent or obligation to update forward-looking statements even if experience or future changes make it clear that actual results may differ materially from any projected results expressed or implied therein.

Thus far this fiscal year, the Company has opened three new Anthropologie stores and one new Urban Outfitters store. Management plans to open approximately eight to ten additional stores during the remainder of the fiscal year, including the Company's first Free People store, which will serve as a marketing tool to showcase the wholesale collection.

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The Company's fiscal year ends on January 31. All references in this discussion to fiscal years of the Company refer to the fiscal years ended on January 31 in those years. For example, the Company's Fiscal 2003 will end on January 31, 2003. This discussion of results of operations addresses the second quarter and first six months of Fiscal 2003.

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, the percentage of the Company's net sales represented by certain income statement data. The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the table below:

|  | Three months ended Six months ended July 31, July 31, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2002 | 2001 | 2002 | 2001 |
| Net sales. | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% |
| Cost of sales, including certain buying, distribution and occupancy costs | 64.6 | 67.7 | 65.2 | 68.8 |
| Gross profit | 35.4 | 32.3 | 34.8 | 31.2 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses. | 25.0 | 25.5 | 25.2 | 26.3 |
| Income from operations | 10.4 | 6.8 | 9.6 | 4.9 |
| Other income (expense), net | -- | (0.2) | (0.1) | (0.2) |
| Income before income taxes. | 10.4 | 6.6 | 9.5 | 4.7 |
| Income tax expense. | 4.2 | 2.7 | 3.8 | 1.9 |
| Net income. | 6. $2 \%$ | 3.9\% | 5.7\% | 2.8\% |

Net sales increased by $25.6 \%$ during the three months ended July 31, 2002 to $\$ 101.0$ million from $\$ 80.4$ million for the comparable period last year. The $\$ 20.6$ million increase over the prior year's second quarter was primarily the result of a $\$ 10.5$ million noncomparable and new store sales increase along with a $\$ 7.5$ million or $10.6 \%$ comparable store sales increase. In addition, direct-to-consumer sales contributed $\$ 2.5$ million of sales increases in the quarter while Free People wholesale contributed $\$ 0.1$ million. The increase in net sales attributable to noncomparable and new stores was caused by the opening of two new stores during the second quarter of Fiscal 2003 and ten stores opened in noncomparable periods. Comparable store sales increases were comprised of an $8.1 \%$ increase for Urban Outfitters, which is referred to as Urban Retail, and a $14.6 \%$ increase for Anthropologie. Comparable store sales increases were principally the result of an increase in the number of transactions and average sales price, which more than offset a decrease in the number of items purchased per transaction. Direct-to-consumer sales increased $60.9 \%$ over the same quarter last year as a result of additional orders generated from the circulation of a new Anthropologie "Summer Essentials" catalog this year and the continued strength in urbn.com sales.

The Company's gross profit margin, expressed as a percentage of sales, increased to $35.4 \%$ for the three months ended July 31, 2002 from $32.3 \%$ for the comparable period last year. This increase was primarily caused by improvements to the initial cost of goods and decreased markdown requirements which together increased gross profit, expressed as a percentage of sales, by $2.3 \%$. Additionally, leveraging of the Company's occupancy expenses caused by the significant comparable store sales increase accounted for another $0.8 \%$ of the increase, expressed as a percentage of sales.

Selling, general and administrative expenses, expressed as a percentage of sales, decreased to $25.0 \%$ from $25.5 \%$ for the three months ended July 31, 2002 versus the comparable period last year. This improvement was primarily attributable to the leveraging of store-level expenses as a result of the increase in comparable store sales and increased efficiencies in the direct-to-consumer operations.

Net income for the three months ended July 31, 2002 was $\$ 6.3$ million or $\$ 0.32$ per diluted share versus $\$ 3.2$ million or $\$ 0.18$ per diluted share for the comparable period last year.

## SIX MONTHS ENDED JULY 31, 2002 COMPARED TO SIX MONTHS ENDED JULY 31, 2001

Net sales increased by $28.1 \%$ during the six months ended July 31, 2002 to $\$ 195.1$ million from $\$ 152.2$ million for the same period last year. The $\$ 42.8$ million increase over the prior year's first six months was primarily the result of noncomparable and new store sales increases of $\$ 21.4$ million, comparable store sales increases of $\$ 17.8$ million or $13.9 \%$ and
direct-to-consumer sales increases of $\$ 3.3$ million. Additionally, Free People wholesale sales contributed $\$ 0.3$ million of sales increases in the six month period. The increase in net sales attributable to noncomparable and new stores was caused by the opening of four new stores during the first six months of Fiscal 2003 and eleven new stores in Fiscal 2002 which were noncomparable for the first six months of Fiscal 2003. Comparable store sales increases were comprised of a $9.2 \%$ increase for Urban Retail and a $21.2 \%$ increase for Anthropologie. Comparable store sales increases were principally the result of an increase in the number of transactions and average sales price, which more than offset a decrease in the number of items purchased per transaction. Direct-to-consumer sales increased $31.6 \%$ over the prior year's first six months due to increased customer response and overall demand, including demand from orders generated by the circulation of a new Anthropologie "Summer Essentials" catalog this year and the continued strength in urbn.com sales. Free People wholesale experienced an increase in sales of its Summer goods which were offset by a decrease in Fall sweater shipments compared to last year.

The Company's gross profit margin for the six months ended July 31, 2002, expressed as a percentage of sales, increased to $34.8 \%$ from $31.2 \%$ for the same period last year. This increase was primarily caused by
improvements to the initial cost of goods and decreased markdown requirements which together increased gross profit, expressed as a percentage of sales, by 2.6\%. Additionally, leveraging of the Company's occupancy expenses caused by the significant comparable store sales increase accounted for another $0.7 \%$ of the increase, expressed as a percentage of sales.

Selling, general and administrative expenses, expressed as a percentage of sales, decreased to 25.2\% from 26.3\% for the six months ended July 31, 2002 versus the same period in the prior year. This improvement was primarily attributable to the leveraging of store-level expenses as a result of the increases in comparable store sales and increased efficiencies in the direct-to-consumer operations.

Net income for the six months ended July 31, 2002 was $\$ 11.0$ million or $\$ 0.58$ per diluted share compared to $\$ 4.3$ million or $\$ 0.25$ per diluted share for the prior year comparable period.

## LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities were $\$ 78.8$ million at July 31, 2002, as compared to $\$ 28.3$ million at January 31, 2002 and $\$ 11.0$ million at July 31, 2001. Increases in cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities were primarily a result of the Company's successful public offering of 1.6 million common shares of stock during the first quarter of Fiscal 2003. The Company's net working capital was $\$ 97.9$ million at July 31,2002 , as compared to $\$ 41.3$ million at January 31, 2002 and $\$ 31.4$ million at July 31, 2001.

Total inventories at July 31, 2002 increased by $8.9 \%$ versus the comparable period end last year, principally attributable to the increase in the number of new retail stores. Comparable store inventories at July 31, 2002 were 1.8\% higher than last year's levels. Management believes that current inventory levels are appropriate based on anticipated sales trends.

The Company expects that capital expenditures for the current year will not exceed $\$ 28$ million. The primary use of cash will be to open new stores and purchase inventories. The Company believes that existing cash and investments at July 31, 2002, together with future cash from operations and available credit under the Company's line of credit facility, assuming renewal or replacement, will be sufficient to meet the Company's cash needs for the next three years.

Accrued expenses, accrued compensation and other current liabilities increased to $\$ 19.5$ million as of July 31, 2002 from $\$ 14.7$ million at July 31, 2001. The increase in the components of accrued expenses and other current liabilities is primarily attributable to additional stores and incentive compensation accruals associated with improved profitability.

Additional paid-in-capital increased to $\$ 62.9$ million as of July 31, 2002 from $\$ 16.4$ million at July 31, 2001. This increase was primarily the result of the Company's completed public offering during the first quarter of Fiscal 2003 of 1.6 million of its common shares which generated approximately $\$ 41.5$ million, net of issuance costs. Additionally, certain option exercises since July 31, 2001 generated another $\$ 5.1$ million, including the estimated tax benefit related to the exercises. These monies will be used, in part, to fund additional new store openings.

On September 11, 2002, the Company renewed and amended its line of credit facility with one of its banks. The credit facility, which renewed and amended the Company's $\$ 25.0$ million committed line of credit with the bank, is a one-year $\$ 30.0$ million committed line of credit to fund working capital requirements and letters of credit. The credit facility contains a sublimit for borrowings by the Company's European subsidiaries. Cash advances bear interest at LIBOR plus 1.25\% to $1.75 \%$ based upon the Company's achievement of prescribed adjusted debt ratios. The agreement subjects the Company to various restrictive covenants, including maintenance of certain financial ratios such as a fixed charge coverage ratio, adjusted debt ratio and minimum tangible net worth and limits the Company's capital expenditures and share repurchases and prohibits the payment of cash dividends on common stock. At July 31, 2002, the Company was in compliance with all covenants under its prior facility. As of and during the six months ended July 31, 2002, there were no borrowings. Outstanding letters of credit and standby letters of credit were $\$ 13.4$ million, $\$ 9.4$ million and \$11.2 million at July 31, 2002, January 31, 2002 and July 31, 2001, respectively.

## Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In August 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets," which establishes a single accounting model, based on the framework established in SFAS No. 121,
"Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to be Disposed Of," and resolves significant implementation issues related to SFAS No. 121. SFAS No. 144 superceded SFAS No. 121 and Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 30, "Reporting the Results of Operations - Reporting the Effects of a Disposal of a Segment of a Business, and Extraordinary, Unusual and Infrequently Occurring Events and Transactions." The adoption of SFAS No. 144 on February 1, 2002 did not have an impact on our financial position or results of operations.

In July 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 146, "Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities." SFAS No. 146 supercedes Emerging Issues Task Force Issue No. 94-3, "Liability Recognition for Certain Employee Termination Benefits and Other Costs to Exit an Activity (including Certain Costs Incurred in a Restructuring)," and is effective for transactions initiated after December 31, 2002. Under SFAS No. 146, a company will record a liability for a cost associated with an exit or disposal activity when that liability is incurred and can be measured at fair value. A liability is incurred when an event obligates the entity to transfer or use assets. The Company does not believe that the adoption of this statement will have a material impact on its financial position or its results of operations.

## Seasonality and Quarterly Results

While the Company has been profitable in each of its last 50 operating quarters, its operating results are subject to seasonal fluctuations. The Company's highest sales levels have historically occurred during the five-month period from August 1 to December 31 of each year (the back-to-school and holiday periods). Sales generated during these periods have traditionally had a significant impact on the Company's results of operations. Any decreases in sales for these periods or in the availability of working capital needed in the months preceding these periods could have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations. While the Company's comparable store sales since July 31, 2002 have continued to exceed its conservative plan, results of operations in any one fiscal quarter are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations that can be expected for any other fiscal quarter or for the full fiscal year.

The Company's results of operations may also fluctuate from quarter to quarter as a result of the amount and timing of expenses incurred in connection with, and sales contributed by, new stores, store expansions and the integration of new stores into the operations of the Company or by the size and timing of mailings and web site traffic for the Company's direct response operations. Fluctuations in the bookings and shipments of wholesale merchandise between quarters can also have positive or negative effects on earnings during the quarters.

## Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure About Market Risk

The Company is exposed to the following types of market risks--fluctuations in the purchase price of merchandise, as well as other goods and services; the value of foreign currencies in relation to the U.S. dollar; and changes in interest rates. Due to the Company's inventory turn and its historical ability to pass through the impact of any generalized changes in its cost of goods to its customers through pricing adjustments, commodity and other product risks are not expected to be material. The Company purchases substantially all its merchandise in U.S. dollars, including a portion of the goods for its stores located in Canada and Europe. The Company currently enters into short-term foreign currency forward exchange contracts, which expire and are renewed quarterly, to manage exposures related to its Canadian dollar denominated investments and anticipated cash flow.

The Company's exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relates to its cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities. As of July 31, 2002, the Company's cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities
consisted primarily of funds invested in money market accounts, which bear interest at a variable rate, and corporate demand notes. Due to the average maturity and conservative nature of the Company's investment portfolio, we believe a sudden change in interest rates would not have a material effect on the value of our investment portfolio. As the interest rates on predominantly all of our cash equivalents are variable, a change in interest rates earned on our investment portfolio would impact interest income and expense along with cash flows, but would not impact the fair market value of the related underlying instruments. The Company intends to transfer a portion of its short-term investment portfolio at July 31, 2002 into longer term marketable securities.

## PART II

## OTHER INFORMATION

## Item 1. Legal Proceedings

On August 21, 2002, Edward M. Wolkowitz, Chapter 7 Trustee for MXG Media, Inc., filed a complaint in the U.S. Bankruptcy Court in the Central District of California naming the Company, Richard A. Hayne and two other individuals as defendants. Mr. Hayne and the other individual defendants had served as directors of MXG Media prior to its institution of bankruptcy proceedings. The claim alleges that payments made by MXG Media to the Company in connection with the repayment of outstanding promissory notes were fraudulent transfers or voidable preferences, and that Mr. Hayne and the other individuals named in the complaint violated their fiduciary duties as directors of MXG Media in authorizing the payments. The plaintiff has requested relief of approximately $\$ 8.0$ million, as well as exemplary damages in an unspecified amount. The Company believes the claim is without merit and intends to defend it vigorously.

Item 5. Other Information
The Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have submitted unqualified certifications, which accompany this Report on Form 10-Q, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K
(a) Exhibits:
3.1 The Company's Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 33-69378) filed on September 24, 1993).
3.2 The Company's Amended and Restated Bylaws (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 33-69378) filed on September 24, 1993).
(b) Reports on Form 8-K:

On June 21, 2002, the Company filed a Current Report on Form 8-K dated June 19, 2002 in which the Company announced the dismissal of Arthur Andersen LLP as its independent public accountants. No financial statements were filed with the report.

On July 24, 2002, the Company filed a Current Report on Form 8-K dated July 23, 2002 in which the Company announced that KPMG LLP had been engaged as the Company's independent public accountants. No financial statements were filed with the report.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

URBAN OUTFITTERS, INC.
(Registrant)
By: /S/ RICHARD A. HAYNE
-- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
/S/ RICHARD A. HAYNE
Richard A. Hayne Chairman of the Board of Directors

## By: /S/ STEPHEN A. FELDMAN <br> Stephen A. Feldman

 Chief Financial OfficerCERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER
PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Richard A. Hayne, Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) of Urban Outfitters, Inc., certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Urban Outfitters, Inc. (the "registrant");
2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report; and
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report.

Date: September 12, 2002

## /S/ RICHARD A. HAYNE

Richard A. Hayne
Chief Executive Officer

## CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER

PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Stephen A. Feldman, Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer) of Urban Outfitters, Inc., certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Urban Outfitters, Inc. (the "registrant");
2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report; and
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report.

Date: September 12, 2002

## /S/ STEPHEN A. FELDMAN

Stephen A. Feldman Chief Financial Officer

